NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT COUNTY OF MARIN NICASIO, CALIFORNIA

AUDIT REPORT

JUNE 30, 2017

JUNE 30, 2017

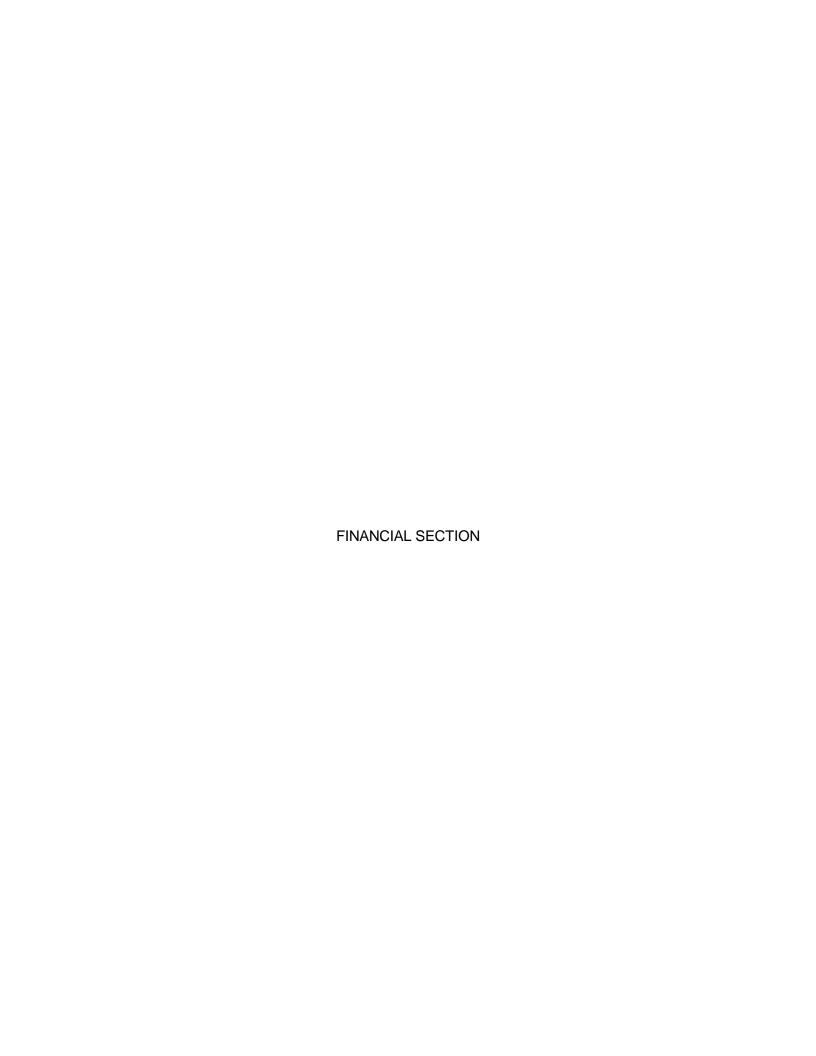
TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION
Independent Auditor's Report 1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) 4
Basic Financial Statements:
Government-wide Financial Statements:
Statement of Net Position 14
Statement of Activities 15
Fund Financial Statements:
Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund 16
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position 17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund 18
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements 20
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund 47
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Deferred Maintenance Fund 48
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalSTRS 49
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalPERS 50
Schedule of Contributions - CalSTRS 51
Schedule of Contributions - CalPERS 52
Notes to Required Supplementary Information 53

JUNE 30, 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONCLUDED)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION (CONCLUDED)	<u>Page</u>
Organization/Board of Education/Administration	55
Schedule of Average Daily Attendance	56
Schedule of Instructional Time	57
Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements	58
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis	59
Notes to Supplementary Information	60
OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance	61
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	65
FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SECTION	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs:	
Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results	67
Section II - Financial Statement Findings	68
Section III - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs	70
Schedule of Prior Year Recommendations	71



STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Nicasio Elementary School District Nicasio, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Nicasio Elementary School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Board of Education Nicasio Elementary School District Page Two

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Nicasio Elementary School District, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 13, the budgetary comparison information on pages 47 and 48, the schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability on pages 49 and 50, and the schedules of contributions on pages 51 and 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Nicasio Elementary School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information listed in the table of contents is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Board of Education Nicasio Elementary School District Page Three

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2017 on our consideration of Nicasio Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Nicasio Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Stephen Roatch Accountancy Corporation

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION Certified Public Accountants

December 11, 2017

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

This section of Nicasio Elementary School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report presented on pages 1 through 3, and the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, presented on pages 14 and 15, provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances. The fund financial statements for governmental activities, presented on pages 16 through 19, provide information about how District services were financed in the short-term, and how much remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ➤ The District's financial status improved over the course of the year as total net position increased 12%.
- On the Statement of Activities, total current year revenues exceeded total current year expenses by \$94,060.
- ➤ Capital assets, net of depreciation, decreased \$70,093 due to accumulated depreciation growing at a faster rate than acquisitions and construction.
- > Total long-term liabilities decreased \$110,554 due primarily to the current year payment on the District's outstanding general obligation bonds.
- The District's P-2 average daily attendance (ADA) decreased from 49 ADA in fiscal year 2015-16, down to 42 ADA in fiscal year 2016-17, a decrease of 14.3%.
- The District's General Fund incurred an operating deficit of \$12,295 due primarily to the \$10,000 LCFF transfer that was made to the Deferred Maintenance Fund.
- ➤ The District maintains sufficient reserves for a district its size. It meets the state required minimum reserve of at least \$66,000. During fiscal year 2016-17, total General Fund expenditures totaled \$1,040,511. At June 30, 2017, the District had available reserves of \$321,875, which represents a reserve of 30.9%.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

THE FINANCIAL REPORT

The full annual financial report consists of three separate parts, including the basic financial statements, supplementary information, and Management's Discussion and Analysis. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives, government-wide and funds.

- ➤ Government-wide financial statements, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial position.
- Individual parts of the District, which are reported as fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - Basic services funding is described in the governmental funds statements. These statements include short-term financing and identify the balance remaining for future spending.
 - Short and long-term financial information about the activities of the District that operate like businesses are provided in the proprietary fund statements, when applicable.
 - Financial relationships, for which the District acts as an agent or trustee for the benefit of others to whom the resources belong, are presented in the fiduciary funds statements, when applicable.

Notes to the financials, which are included in the financial statements, provide more detailed data and explain some of the information in the statements. The required supplementary information provides further explanations and provides additional support for the financial statements. A comparison of the District's budget for the year is included.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The District as a whole is reported in the government-wide statements and uses accounting methods similar to those used by companies in the private sector. All of the District's assets and liabilities are included in the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities reports all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The District's financial health (net position) can be measured by the difference between the District's assets and liabilities.

- ➤ Increases or decreases in the net position of the District over time are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- ➤ Additional non-financial factors such as the condition of school buildings and other facilities, and changes in the property tax base of the District need to be considered in assessing the overall health of the District.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

THE FINANCIAL REPORT (CONCLUDED)

Reporting the District as a Whole (Concluded)

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the District into two kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities:

The basic services provided by the District, such as regular education, are included here, and are primarily financed by property taxes and state formula aid. The District does not provide any significant non-basic services.

Business-type Activities:

The District does not provide any services that should be included in this category.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

The District's fund-based financial statements provide detailed information about the District's most significant funds. Some funds are required to be established by State law and bond covenants. However, the District may establish other funds as needed to control and manage money for specific purposes.

Governmental Funds:

The major governmental funds of Nicasio Elementary School District are the General Fund, Deferred Maintenance and the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. Governmental fund reporting focuses on how money flows into and out of the funds and the balances that remain at the end of the year. A modified accrual basis of accounting measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and services. Governmental fund information helps to determine the level of financial resources available in the near future to finance the District's programs.

Proprietary Funds:

Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds on a full accrual basis. These include both Enterprise funds and Internal Service funds. Enterprise funds are considered business-type activities and are also reported under a full accrual method. This is the same basis as business-type activities; therefore, no reconciling entries are required. Internal service funds are reported with the Governmental Funds. The District has no funds of this type.

Fiduciary Funds:

All of the District's fiduciary activities are generally reported in separate fiduciary statements. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance their operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The District has no funds of this type.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

The District's net position increased from \$785,867 at June 30, 2016, up to \$879,927 at June 30, 2017, an increase of 12%.

Comparative Statement of Net Position							
	Governmental Activities						
	2016	2017					
Assets Deposits and Investments Receivables Capital Assets, net	\$ 781,439 20,746 2,788,782	\$ 787,283 26,400 2,718,689					
Total Assets	3,590,967	3,532,372					
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> Pension Deferrals	99,874	146,289					
<u>Liabilities</u> Current Long-Term Total Liabilities	291,564 2,432,241 2,723,805	316,379 2,306,687 2,623,066					
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Pension Deferrals	181,169	175,668					
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit)	933,782 199,640 (347,555)	1,003,689 249,747 (373,509)					
Total Net Position	\$ 785,867	\$ 879,927					
Table includes financial data of the combined gover	nmental funds						

The unrestricted deficit balances, presented above, are a result of the requirement to record liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows of resources in the financial statements to reflect the District's proportionate share of items related to their participation in the CalSTRS and CalPERS pension plans.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

The District's total current year revenues exceeded total current year expenses by \$94,060.

Comparative Statement of Changes in Net Position							
	Governmental Activities						
		2016		2017			
Program Revenues Operating Grants & Contributions	\$	143,729	\$	128,204			
General Revenues Taxes Levied Federal & State Aid Interest & Investment Earnings Transfers Miscellaneous		1,033,209 85,547 1,482 0 1,220		1,059,710 68,578 3,074 2,337 4,337			
Total Revenues		1,265,187		1,266,240			
Expenses Instruction Instruction-Related Services Pupil Services General Administration Plant Services Interest on Long-Term Debt Other Outgo		646,802 238,659 56,004 91,016 335,409 81,030 76,931		523,137 246,244 62,945 73,540 105,691 74,732 85,891			
Total Expenses		1,525,851		1,172,180			
Changes in Net Position		(260,664)		94,060			
Net Position, Beginning		1,046,531		785,867			
Net Position, Ending	\$	785,867	\$	879,927			
Table includes financial data of the combined governmental funds							

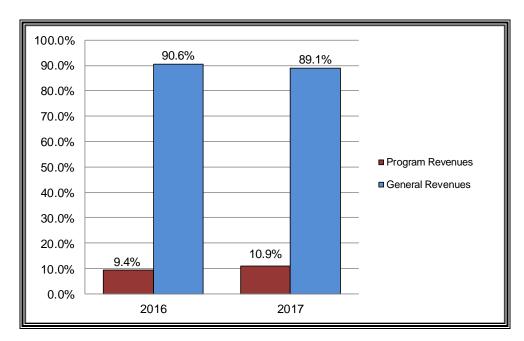
(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

	Total Cost of Services					Net Cost of Services			
		2016		2017		2016		2017	
Instruction	\$	646,802	\$	523,137	\$	533,090	\$	427,449	
Instruction-Related Services		238,659		246,244		232,573		241,923	
Pupil Services		56,004		62,945		47,160		45,524	
General Administration		91,016		73,540		88,417		72,622	
Plant Services		335,409		105,691		335,409		105,691	
Interest on Long-Term Debt		81,030		74,732		81,030		74,732	
Other Outgo		76,931		85,891		64,443		76,035	
Totals	\$	1,525,851	\$	1,172,180	\$	1,382,122	\$	1,043,976	

The table above presents the cost of major District activities. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The \$1,043,976 net cost represents the financial burden that was placed on the District's general revenues for providing the services listed.



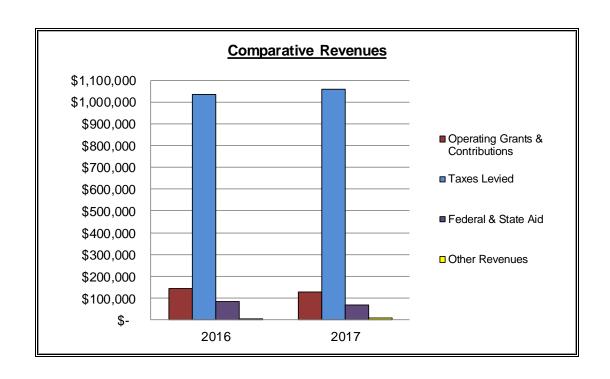
For fiscal year 2016-17, program revenues financed 10.9% of the total cost of providing the services listed above, while the remaining 89.1% was financed by the general revenues of the District.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

Summary of Revenues For Governmental Functions									
		FYE 2016 Amount	Percent of Total	FYE 2017 Amount		Percent of Total			
Program Revenues Operating Grants & Contributions	\$	143,729	11.36%	\$	128,204	10.12%			
General Revenues Taxes Levied Federal & State Aid Other Revenues		1,033,209 85,547 2,702	81.66% 6.76% 0.21%		1,059,710 68,578 9,748	83.69% 5.42% 0.77%			
Total Revenues	\$	1,265,187	100.00%	\$	1,266,240	100.00%			

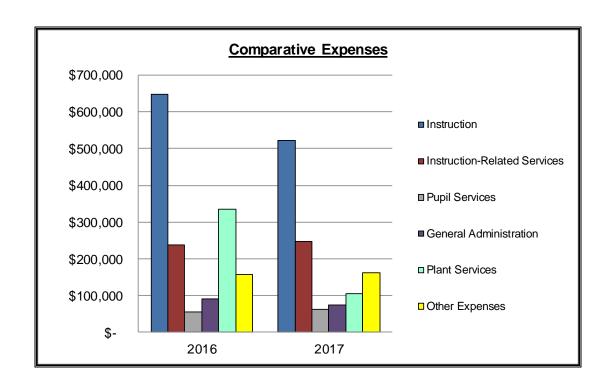


(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

Summary of Expenses For Governmental Functions									
	FYE 2016 Amount		Percent of Total	FYE 2017 Amount		Percent ofTotal			
Expenses									
Instruction	\$	646,802	42.39%	\$	523,137	44.63%			
Instruction-Related Services		238,659	15.64%		246,244	21.01%			
Pupil Services		56,004	3.67%		62,945	5.37%			
General Administration		91,016	5.96%		73,540	6.27%			
Plant Services		335,409	21.98%		105,691	9.02%			
Other Expenses		157,961	10.35%		160,623	13.70%			
Total Expenses	\$	1,525,851	100.00%	\$	1,172,180	100.00%			



(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONCLUDED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONCLUDED)

Comparative Schedule of Capital Assets								
	Governmental Activities							
		2016		2017				
Land	\$	53,889	\$	53,889				
Sites and Improvements		264,425		264,425				
Buildings and Improvements		3,755,624		3,755,624				
Furniture and Equipment		28,649		34,778				
Work in Progress		0		4,389				
Subtotals		4,102,587		4,113,105				
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(1,313,805)		(1,394,416)				
Capital Assets, net	\$	2,788,782	\$	2,718,689				

Capital assets, net of depreciation, decreased \$70,093 due to accumulated depreciation growing at a faster rate than acquisitions and construction.

Comparative Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities								
	Governmental Activities							
- -		2016		2017				
General Obligation Bonds Early Retirement Incentives Net Pension Liabilities	\$	1,855,000 37,876 685,678	\$	1,715,000 31,563 721,437				
Totals	<u>\$</u>	2,578,554	\$	2,468,000				

Total long-term liabilities decreased \$110,554 due primarily to the current year payment on the District's outstanding general obligation bonds.

The general obligation bonds represent 69% of the total long-term liabilities and will be financed by local taxpayers. The remaining long-term liabilities will be financed by the General Fund.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial presentation and contain more detailed information as to interest, principal, retirement amounts, and future debt retirement dates.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Comparative Schedule of Fund Balances								
		nd Balances ne 30, 2016		nd Balances ne 30, 2017		ncrease Decrease)		
General Deferred Maintenance Bond Interest & Redemption	\$	445,137 43,067 200,538	\$	432,842 41,995 213,246	\$	(12,295) (1,072) 12,708		
Totals	\$	688,742	\$	688,083	\$	(659)		

The fund balance of the General Fund decreased \$12,295 and the combined fund balances of all other governmental funds increased \$11,636.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The District's budget is prepared in accordance with California law and is based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget based on updated financial information. The original budget, approved at the end of June for July 1, is based on May Revise figures and updated 45 days after the State approves its final budget.

ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

Employer contribution rates for CalSTRS and CalPERS will continue to increase on an annual basis for the foreseeable future. In addition, the economy has finished its eighth year of expansion, lasting three years longer than the average recovery. The Governor and Department of Finance continue to urge the Legislation and local governments, including local education agencies, to plan for the next recession.

Accordingly, the District's budget should continue to be managed with a great degree of conservatism over the next few years. The District has an excellent track record in meeting this challenge in what has proven to be a cycle of lean years and prosperous years for education finances.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, contact the Interim Chief Financial Officer, Nicasio Elementary School District, 1111 Las Gallinas Avenue, San Rafael, CA 94913.

NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities
<u>Assets</u>	
Deposits and Investments (Note 2)	\$ 787,283
Receivables (Note 3)	26,400
Capital Assets (Note 4)	
Land	53,889
Sites and Improvements	264,425
Buildings and Improvements	3,755,624
Furniture and Equipment	34,778
Work-in-Progress	4,389
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,394,416)
Total Assets	3,532,372
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	
Pension Deferrals (Note 7)	146,289
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities	125,600
Accrued Interest Payable	29,466
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Portion Due or Payable Within One Year:	
General Obligation Bonds	155,000
Early Retirement Incentives	6,313
Portion Due or Payable After One Year:	
General Obligation Bonds (Note 5)	1,560,000
Early Retirement Incentives (Note 6)	25,250
Net Pension Liabilities (Note 7)	721,437
Total Liabilities	2,623,066
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	
Pension Deferrals (Note 7)	175,668
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,003,689
Restricted:	
For Debt Service	183,780
For Educational Programs	64,967
For Other Purposes	1,000
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(373,509)
Total Net Position	\$ 879,927

NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		F	Progra	am Revenue	es		Re Cl	(Expense) venue and nanges in et Position
Functions	Expenses	ges for vices		perating Grants and ntributions	Gr a	pital ants and ibutions		vernmental Activities
Governmental Activities								
Instruction Instruction-Related Services:	\$ 523,137		\$	95,688			\$	(427,449)
Supervision of Instruction	2,486			1,556				(930)
School Site Administration Pupil Services:	243,758			2,765				(240,993)
Home-to-School Transportation	35,248			4,080				(31,168)
Other Pupil Services	27,697			13,341				(14,356)
General Administration:								
Other General Administration	73,540			918				(72,622)
Plant Services	105,691							(105,691)
Interest on Long-Term Debt Other Outgo	74,732 85,891			9,856				(74,732) (76,035)
-	 	 		·				
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,172,180	\$ 0	\$	128,204	\$	0		(1,043,976)
General Revenues								
Taxes Levied for General Purposes								646,908
Taxes Levied for Debt Service								227,335
Taxes Levied for Specific Purposes								185,467
Federal and State Aid - Unrestricted								68,578
Interest and Investment Earnings								3,074
Transfers from Other Agencies Miscellaneous								2,337 4,337
Total General Revenues								1,138,036
Change in Net Position								94,060
Net Position - July 1, 2016								785,867
Net Position - June 30, 2017							\$	879,927

NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	General	_	eferred ntenance	Bond Interest and demption	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Assets Deposits and Investments (Note 2)	\$ 531,992	\$	42,045	\$ 213,246	\$	787,283
Receivables (Note 3)	 26,400		,	 		26,400
Total Assets	\$ 558,392	\$	42,045	\$ 213,246	\$	813,683
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u> Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$ 125,550	\$	50		\$	125,600
Total Liabilities	 125,550		50			125,600
Fund Balances: (Note 9)						
Nonspendable	1,000					1,000
Restricted	64,967			\$ 213,246		278,213
Assigned	45,000		41,995			86,995
Unassigned	 321,875			 		321,875
Total Fund Balances	432,842		41,995	213,246		688,083
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 558,392	\$	42,045	\$ 213,246	\$	813,683

NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2017

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Fund		\$	688,083
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds due to the following:			
Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation.			
Capital Assets	\$ 4,113,105		
Accumulated Depreciation Net	 (1,394,416)	-	2,718,689
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported:			
Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions			146,289 (175,668)
·			(175,000)
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:			
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 1,715,000		
Early Retirement Incentives Net Pension Liabilities	31,563 721,437		
Total	, -	•	(2,468,000)
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of			
the period was:			(29,466)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$	879,927

NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Gen	eral	Deferred Maintenance		Bond nterest and demption	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
<u>Revenues</u>							
LCFF Sources:			_				
State Apportionment / Transfers Local Taxes	-	39,353 46,908	\$	10,000		\$	49,353 646,908
Total LCFF Sources	6	86,261		10,000			696,261
Federal Revenue		21,345					21,345
State Revenue		58,937			\$ 427		59,364
Local Revenue	2	61,673		179	227,418		489,270
Total Revenues	1,0	28,216		10,179	 227,845		1,266,240
<u>Expenditures</u>							
Current:							
Instruction	4	57,086					457,086
Supervision of Instruction		2,514					2,514
School Site Administration		45,327					245,327
Home-To-School Transportation		35,248					35,248
Other Pupil Services		27,697					27,697
Other General Administration		79,669					79,669
Plant Services		94,440		11,251			105,691
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		4,389					4,389
Other Outgo		85,141					85,141
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement		6,313			140,000		146,313
Interest and Issuance Costs		2,687			 75,137		77,824
Total Expenditures	1,0	40,511		11,251	 215,137		1,266,899
Net Change in Fund Balances	(12,295)		(1,072)	12,708		(659)
Fund Balances - July 1, 2016	4	45,137		43,067	 200,538		688,742
Fund Balances - June 30, 2017	\$ 4	32,842	\$	41,995	\$ 213,246	\$	688,083

NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund		\$	(659)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds due to the following:			
Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation			
Capital Outlay Expenditures Depreciation Expense Net	\$ 10,518 (80,611)	<u>.</u>	(70,093)
Debt service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:			146,313
Pensions: In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:			16,157
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statements, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but			0.040
owing from a prior period, was: Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u> </u>	2,342 94.060
enango in tree i conton di contoninionali Additino		Ψ	0 1,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Nicasio Elementary School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of California. It is governed by a three member Board of Education elected by registered voters of the District, which comprises an area in Marin County. The District serves students in kindergarten through grade eight.

The District accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The financial reporting entity consists of the following:

- > The primary government
- Organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable
- Other organizations for which the primary government may determine, through exercise of management's professional judgment, that the inclusion of an organization that does not meet the financial accountability criteria is necessary in order to prevent the reporting entity's financial statements from being misleading. In such instances, the organization should be included as a component unit.

The District has reviewed criteria to determine whether other entities with activities that benefit the District should be included within its financial reporting entity under GASB Statement No. 14 (GASB14) as amended by GASB Statement No. 61 (GASB 61), *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, and has determined that there are no organizations, with financial activities that benefit the District, which should be included within its financial reporting entity under these criteria.

The District has also reviewed criteria to determine whether other organizations, for which the District is not financially accountable, should be reported within its financial reporting entity, based on the nature and significance of its relationship with the District, under GASB Statement No. 39 (GASB 39), *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, and has determined that there are no organizations, for which the District is not financially accountable, which should be reported within its financial reporting entity.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental activities column, is removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-wide Financial Statements (Concluded):

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for the governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a program, as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column.

The accounting and financial treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. <u>Basis of Accounting (Concluded)</u>

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions (Concluded):

"Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 45, 60, 90 days after year-end, depending on the revenue source. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California Districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to state aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue:

Unearned revenue arises when assets are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures:

On an accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity or retained earnings, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Fund Accounting (Concluded)

The District maintains the following governmental fund types:

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Other resources also may be reported in the fund if those resources are restricted, committed, or assigned to the specified purpose of the fund.

Debt Service Funds - Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

The District's accounts are organized into major funds as follows:

General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Deferred Maintenance Fund is used for the purpose of major repair or replacement of District property.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the repayment of District bonds, interest, and related costs.

E. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's Governing Board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's Governing Board satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's Governing Board and Superintendent during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures. The original and final revised budget is presented for the General Fund and Deferred Maintenance Fund on pages 47 and 48.

Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object account.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated at June 30.

H. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity</u>

1. Deposits and Investments

The District is authorized to maintain cash in banks and revolving funds that are insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The County is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California *Government Code* Section 53648 et seq. The funds maintained by the County are either secured by the FDIC or are collateralized.

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies; certificates of participation; obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost.

2. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the asset's lives are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)</u>

2. Capital Assets (Concluded)

Depreciation on all capital assets is computed using a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	<u>Years</u>
Sites and Improvements	20
Buildings and Improvements	20-50
Furniture and Equipment	5-20

3. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time.

4. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), and additions to/deductions from the CalSTRS' and CalPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

5. Long-term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the obligation, when material. Liabilities are reported net of applicable premiums and discounts.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize premiums and discounts when the debt is issued. The face amount of the debt issued, premiums and discounts are reported as other financing sources or uses.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)</u>

6. Fund Balances

Governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The five classifications used in governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that are not expected to be converted to cash, such as inventory, prepaid items, and other resources that are not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers or by law.

Committed Fund Balance includes amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District's highest level of decision making authority (Governing Board). Formal action by resolution must be taken prior to the end of the fiscal year. The same formal action must be taken to remove or change the limitations placed on the funds.

Assigned Fund Balance includes amounts that the Governing Board or its designee intends to use for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed, should be reported as assigned fund balance. The Governing Board delegates the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes to the Superintendent or his/her designee for the purpose of reporting these amounts in the annual financial statements.

Unassigned Fund Balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. They are residual positive net resources of the general fund in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the other four categories. The District has adopted a policy to achieve and maintain an economic uncertainty reserve that is no less than the state recommended minimum reserve.

The District considers restricted fund balances to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Similarly, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the District considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

7. Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF /Property Tax)

The formula for determining the level of funding per student is the "Local Control Funding Formula" (LCFF). District funding under the LCFF is generally provided by a mix of state aid and local property taxes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONCLUDED)

H. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Concluded)</u>

7. Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF /Property Tax) (Concluded)

The County of Marin is responsible for assessing, collecting and apportioning property taxes to the District. Taxes are levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property in the county. The levy is based on the assessed values as of the preceding January 1, which is also the lien date. Property taxes on the secured roll are due on November 1 and February 1, and taxes become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the lien date (January 1), and become delinquent if unpaid by August 31.

Secured property taxes are recorded as revenue when apportioned, in the fiscal year of the levy. The county apportions secured property tax revenue in accordance with the alternative method of distribution prescribed by Section 4705 of the California *Revenue and Taxation Code*. This alternate method provides for crediting each applicable fund with its total secured taxes upon completion of the secured tax roll, approximately October 1 of each year.

The County Auditor reports the amount of the District's allocated property tax revenue to the California Department of Education. Property taxes are recorded as local LCFF sources by the District. The California Department of Education reduces the District's LCFF entitlement by the District's local property tax revenue. Any balance remaining is paid from the State General Fund, and is known as LCFF State Aid.

Since the amount of property taxes received by the District exceeds the amount of the LCFF transition entitlement, the District is considered to be a "basic aid" school district, and is permitted to keep all of its property tax revenue. In addition, as guaranteed by the California Constitution, the State must apportion \$120 per pupil to the District. However, the categorical aid that the District receives counts toward this requirement.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2017, consist of the following:

Cash in Revolving Funds	\$ 1,000
County Pool Investments	 786,283
Total	\$ 787,283

Cash in Revolving Fund

Cash in revolving fund consists of all cash maintained in commercial bank accounts that are used as revolving funds.

NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

County Pool Investments

County pool investments consists of District cash held by the Marin County Treasury that is invested in the county investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the financial statements at amounts that are based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorization

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedule below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Investment pool.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Weighted Average Maturity

The District monitors the interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by measuring the weighted average maturity of its portfolio. Information about the weighted average maturity of the District's portfolio is presented in the following schedule:

	Carrying	Fair	Weighted Average
Investment Type	Value	Value	Days to Maturity
County Pool Investments	\$ 786,283	\$ 786,687	231

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies.

California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2017, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONCLUDED)

Fair Value Measurements (Concluded)

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specific term, a Level 2 input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Marin County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2017:

	Fair			
Investment Type	 Value	Uncategorized		
County Pool Investments	\$ 786,687	\$	786,687	

All assets have been valued using a market approach, with quoted market prices.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables in the General Fund at June 30, 2017 consist of the following:

Federal Government	\$ 19,781
State Government	4,025
Local Governments	2,444
Miscellaneous	150
Total	\$ 26,400

NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Balances July 1, 2016	Additions	Deletions	Balances June 30, 2017
Land Sites and Improvements Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Work in Progress	\$ 53,889 264,425 3,755,624 28,649 0	\$ 6,129 4,389		\$ 53,889 264,425 3,755,624 34,778 4,389
Totals at Historical Cost	4,102,587	10,518	0	4,113,105
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Sites and Improvements Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment	235,518 1,053,678 24,609	3,911 75,639 1,061		239,429 1,129,317
Total Accumulated Depreciation	1,313,805	80,611	0	1,394,416
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 2,788,782	\$ (70,093)	\$ 0	\$ 2,718,689

Depreciation expense for governmental activities was charged to instruction.

NOTE 5 - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

The District's outstanding general obligation bonded debt at June 30, 2017 is:

Year		Date	Amount of		Issued	Redeemed	
of	Interest	of	Original	Outstanding	Current	Current	Outstanding
Issue	Rate %	Maturity	Issue	July 1, 2016	Year	Year	June 30, 2017
2010	2.00-4.50	8/1/24	\$ 2,440,000	\$ 1,855,000	\$ 0	\$ 140,000	\$ 1,715,000

The annual requirements to amortize the general obligation bonds, as of June 30, 2017, are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Totals</u>
2018	\$ 155,000	\$ 68,488	\$ 223,488
2019	170,000	61,987	231,987
2020	185,000	54,888	239,888
2021	205,000	47,087	252,087
2022	220,000	38,587	258,587
2023-2027	 780,000	54,119	 834,119
Totals	\$ 1,715,000	\$ 325,156	\$ 2,040,156

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 6 - EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVES

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 7, the District adopted an early retirement incentive program, pursuant to Education Code Sections 22714 and 44929, whereby the service credit to an eligible certificated employee was increased by two years.

The future payments under this early retirement incentive agreement will be made through fiscal year 2021-22 as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	S Golden ndshake
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	\$	8,342 7,936 7,530 7,124 6,718
Subtotal		37,650
Less Amount Representing Interest		(6,087)
Total	\$	31,563

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are eligible to participate under the multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are eligible to participate under the multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

The District reported net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense in the accompanying government-wide financial statements as follows:

Pension Plan	Net Pension iabilities	O	Deferred utflows of esources	ļi.	Deferred of esources		Pension Expense
CalSTRS CalPERS	\$ 571,042 150,395	\$	70,441 75,848	\$	97,595 78,073	\$	68,432 (9,720)
Totals	\$ 721,437	\$	146,289	\$	175,668	\$	58,712

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. <u>California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)</u>

Plan Description

The California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) provides pension benefits, including disability and survivor benefits, to California full-time and part-time public school teachers and certain other employees of the public school system. The Teachers' Retirement Law (California Education Code Section 22000 et seq.), as enacted and amended by the California Legislature, established the plan and CalSTRS as the administrator. The benefit terms of the plan may be amended through legislation. CalSTRS issues a stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report available to the public that can be found on the CalSTRS website.

Benefits Provided

The State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs and to defray reasonable expenses for administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the State of California is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity of the STRP.

The STRP Defined Benefit Program has two benefit formulas:

- CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform services that could be creditable to CalSTRS.
- CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform services that could be creditable to CalSTRS.

The Defined Benefit Program provides retirement benefits based on a members' final compensation, age and years of service credit. In addition, the retirement program provides benefits to members upon disability and to survivors/beneficiaries upon the death of eligible members. There are several differences between the two benefit formulas and some of the differences are noted below.

CalSTRS 2% at 60

CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to a maximum of 2.4% at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2% to the age factor, up to the 2.4% maximum.

NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Concluded)

CalSTRS 2% at 60 (Concluded)

CalSTRS calculates retirement benefits based on one-year final compensation for members with 25 or more years of credited service, or for classroom teachers with fewer than 25 years of credited service if the employer entered into, extended, renewed, or amended an agreement prior to January 1, 2014, to elect to pay the additional benefit cost for all of its classroom teachers. One year final compensation means a member's highest average annual compensation earnable for 12 consecutive months based on the creditable compensation that a member could earn in a school year while employed on a full-time basis. For most members with fewer than 25 years of credited service, final compensation is the highest average annual compensation earnable for any 36 consecutive months of credited service a member could earn in a school year.

CalSTRS 2% at 62

CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4% at age 65 or older.

All CalSTRS 2% at 62 members have their final compensation based on their highest average annual compensation earnable for 36 consecutive months of credited service a member could earn in a school year.

Contributions

Required member, employer and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and are detailed in the Teachers' Retirement Law. A summary of statutory contribution rates and other sources of contributions to the Defined Benefit Program are as follows:

Members: Pursuant to Chapter 47, Statutes of 2014 (AB 1469 - Bonta), the CalSTRS member contribution rates were as follows: Under CalSTRS 2% at 60, the member contribution rate was 10.25% of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2016-17. Under CalSTRS 2% at 62, the member contribution rate was 9.205% of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2016-17. The rate imposed on CalSTRS 2% at 62 members is based assuming no change in the normal cost of benefits.

<u>Employers</u>: Pursuant to Chapter 47, Statutes of 2014 (AB 1469 - Bonta), the employer contribution rate was 12.58% of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2016-17. The District contributed \$32,588 to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

Contributions (Concluded)

<u>State</u>: The contribution was 2.017% of the members' creditable earnings from the fiscal year ending in the prior calendar year. Also, as a result of AB 1469 - Bonta, the additional state appropriation required to fully fund the benefits in effect as of 1990 by 2046 is specified in Education Code Section 22955.1(b). The additional state contribution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 was 4.311%. Including a 2.50% contribution for SBMA funding, the total state appropriation to the defined benefit program was 8.828% for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Payable for Benefit Enhancement

The District provides, at their cost, an additional two years of service credit to increase the amount of participating members' monthly retirement benefits. The cost to the District will be paid in installments not to exceed eight years, with interest charged on the unpaid balance at the actuarially assumed rate of return on investments for the Defined Benefit Program (currently at 7.5%). As of June 30, 2017, the outstanding balance of this payable to CalSTRS was \$31,563 (see Note 6).

<u>District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred</u> Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability associated with the District was as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 571,042
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	280,594
Total net pension liability attributed to District	\$ 851,636

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating school districts and the State. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2015	0.0008%
Proportion - June 30, 2016	0.0007%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.0001%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

<u>District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred</u> Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Concluded)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$68,432, which includes \$28,112 of support provided by the State. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred atflows of esources	In	eferred flows of esources
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	32,588		
Differences between expected and actual experience			\$	14,574
Changes in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions				83,021
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		37,853		
Totals	\$	70,441	\$	97,595

The deferred outflows of resources related to District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30	
2018	\$ (21,099)
2019	(21,099)
2020	9,443
2021	(832)
2022	(17,860)
2023	(8,295)

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in employer's proportion and differences in employer's contributions and employer's proportionate share of contributions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 7 years as of June 30, 2016. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed 5-year period.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability for the STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2016. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date June 30, 2015

Experience Study July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2010

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Investment Rate of Return ¹ 7.60% Consumer Price Inflation 3.00% Wage Growth 3.75%

Post-retirement Benefit Increases 2.00% simple for DB (Annually)

Maintain 85% purchasing power level for DB

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on RP2000 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS specific experience through June 30, 2015. RP2000 series tables are an industry standard set of mortality rates published in 2000 by the Society of Actuaries. See CalSTRS July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2010 Experience Analysis and June 30, 2015 Actuarial Program Valuations for more information.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance - PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in 2012 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions.

Best estimates of 20-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

¹ Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses. CalSTRS uses a 7.5% assumed investment rate of return for funding purposes, which is net of administrative expenses.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Concluded)

	Assumed	Long-Term
	Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Global Equity	47%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12%	0.30%
Real Estate	13%	5.20%
Private Equity	13%	9.30%
Absolute Return / Risk		
Mitigating Strategies	9%	2.90%
Inflation Sensitive	4%	3.80%
Cash / Liquidity	2%	-1.00%
Total	100%	

^{* 20-}year geometric average

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases as per AB 1469 - Bonta. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.60%) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expenses occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.60%) or one percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current rate:

	_	count Rate Decrease 6.60%	Cu	count Rate rrent Rate 7.60%	_	count Rate 6 Increase 8.60%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	821,858	\$	571,042	\$	362,728

NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Concluded)

Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description, Benefits Provided, and Employees Covered

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by the CalPERS. All employees who work at least half time or are appointed to a job that will last at least six months and one day are eligible for CalPERS. Benefits vest after five years. Employees are eligible to retire at or after age 50 having attained five years of credited service and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Employees hired after January 1, 2013 with five years of credit service must be at least age 52 to retire.

The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013 are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary, and new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013 are required to contribute the higher of 50% of the total normal cost rate for their defined benefit plan or 6.0% of their salary. The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 was 13.888% of annual payroll. The District's contribution to CalPERS for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 was \$14,169.

NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)

<u>District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred</u> Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of \$150,395 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2016 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016 was as follows:

0.0011%
0.0008%
-0.0003%

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of (\$9,720). At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	In	eferred flows of esources
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	14,169		
Differences between expected and actual experience		8,588		
Changes of assumptions			\$	6,774
Changes in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions		24,070		71,299
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		29,021		
Totals	\$	75,848	\$	78,073

The deferred outflows of resources related to District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)

<u>District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Concluded)</u>

Year Ended	
June 30	
2018	\$ (27,183)
2019	4,363
2020	335
2021	6,091

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, and changes in employer's proportion and differences in employer's contributions and employer's proportionate share of contributions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 4 years as of June 30, 2016. Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and reduced over a closed 5-year period.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2015
Measurement Date	June 30, 2016
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.65%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Wage Growth	Varies
Investment Rate of Return	7.65%
Post Retirement Benefit Increase (1)	

⁽¹⁾ Contract COLA up to 2.00% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.75% thereafter

Mortality rate table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of projected on-going mortality improvements using Scale BB published by the Society of Actuaries.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65%. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return <u>Years 1 - 10^(a)</u>	Real Return <u>Years 11+^(b)</u>
Global Equity	51.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Debt Securities	20.0%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Assets	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10.0%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.0%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	1.0%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100%		

⁽a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period

⁽b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONCLUDED)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (Concluded)

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.65%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.65%) or one percentage point higher (8.65%) than the current rate:

	Dis	count Rate	Disc	count Rate	Disc	count Rate
	1%	Decrease	Cu	rrent Rate	1%	Increase
		6.65%		7.65%		8.65%
District's proportionate share of						
the net pension liability	\$	224,390	\$	150,395	\$	88,780

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

C. Social Security

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by social security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use Social Security as its alternative plan. Contributions made by the District and participating employees vest immediately. Both the District and participating employees were required to contribute 6.2% of an employee's gross earnings, up to the annual limit.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2017, is shown below:

	Balances July 1, 2016	Additions	Deductions	Balances June 30, 2017	Due within One Year
General Obligation Bonds Early Retirement Incentives Net Pension Liabilities	\$ 1,855,000 37,876 685,678	\$ 49,340	\$ 140,000 6,313 13,581	\$ 1,715,000 31,563 721,437	\$ 155,000 6,313
Totals	\$ 2,578,554	\$ 49,340	\$ 159,894	\$ 2,468,000	\$ 161,313

The general obligation bonds are generally financed by property tax collections in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. All other liabilities will be financed by the General Fund.

NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 9 - FUND BALANCES

The District's fund balances at June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

	(General Fund	Mai	eferred ntenance Fund	nd Interest and edemption Fund		Totals
Nonspendable:	_					_	
Revolving Cash	_\$_	1,000				_\$_	1,000
Total Nonspendable		1,000					1,000
Restricted:							
Categorical Programs		10,840					10,840
Local Programs		54,127					54,127
Debt Service		·			\$ 213,246		213,246
Total Restricted		64,967			 213,246		278,213
Assigned:							
Special Education		45,000					45,000
Deferred Maintenance		<u>, </u>	\$	41,995			41,995
Total Assigned		45,000		41,995	0		86,995
Unassigned:							
Economic Uncertainties		66,000					66,000
Remaining Unassigned Balances		255,875					255,875
Total Unassigned		321,875		0	0		321,875
Total Fund Balances	\$	432,842	\$	41,995	\$ 213,246	\$	688,083

NOTE 10 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS MADE BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to the State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of \$28,112 to CalSTRS (8.57825% of salaries subject to CalSTRS).

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2016-17, the District participated in one joint powers authority (JPA) for purposes of pooling for risk. There were no significant reductions in coverage during the year. Settlements have not exceeded coverage for each of the past three years.

NOTE 12 - JOINT VENTURE

The District participates in one joint venture under a joint powers agreement (JPA) with the Marin Schools Insurance Authority (MSIA) for property, liability and workers' compensation insurance coverage. The relationship between the District and the JPA is such that the JPA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 12 - JOINT VENTURE (CONCLUDED)

The JPA arranges for and/or provides coverage for its members. The JPA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. The board controls the operations of their JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the Board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionately to their participation in the JPA.

The JPA is audited on an annual basis. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the JPA's management.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. State and Federal Allowances, Awards and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursements will not be material.

B. <u>Litigation</u>

The District is subject to various legal proceedings and claims. In the opinion of management, the ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the District.

NOTE 14 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

During fiscal year 2016-17, the District received \$185,467 of parcel tax revenue that is subject to voter approval. The District also received \$45,118 from the Nicasio Schools Foundation, a non-profit, public benefit corporation that is subject to voluntary public contributions to the organization.

NOTE 15 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District's management has evaluated events or transactions that occurred for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements from the balance sheet date through December 11, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Management has determined that there were no subsequent events or transactions that require disclosure in or adjustment to the current year financial statements.



NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Revenues	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
LCFF Sources:				
State Apportionment / Transfers Local Sources	\$ 39,677 630,398	\$ 39,353 641,772	\$ 39,353 646,908	\$ 5,136
Total LCFF Sources	670,075	681,125	686,261	5,136
Federal Revenue Other State Revenue Other Local Revenue	30,365 51,504 273,348	21,321 57,453 273,822	21,345 58,937 261,673	24 1,484 (12,149)
Total Revenues	1,025,292	1,033,721	1,028,216	(5,505)
Expenditures Current:				
Certificated Salaries	337,182	239,994	238,119	1,875
Classified Salaries	163,383	163,362	162,221	1,141
Employee Benefits	123,345	143,611	136,771	6,840
Books and Supplies Services and Other	33,923	43,071	28,074	14,997
Operating Expenditures	380,709	403,232	370,667	32,565
Capital Outlay Debt Service:		10,518	10,518	
Principal Retirement	4,893	4,893	6,313	(1,420)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,225	3,225	2,687	538
Other Expenditures	91,530	92,166	85,141	7,025
Total Expenditures	1,138,190	1,104,072	1,040,511	63,561
Net Change in Fund Balances	(112,898)	(70,351)	(12,295)	\$ 58,056
Fund Balances - July 1, 2016	445,137	445,137	445,137	
Fund Balances - June 30, 2017	\$ 332,239	\$ 374,786	\$ 432,842	

NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEFERRED MAINTENANCE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fina Fa	ance with il Budget vorable avorable)
Revenues LCFF Sources:					
State Apportionment / Transfers	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000		
Other Local Revenue	10	10	179	\$	169
Total Revenues	10,010	10,010	10,179		169
Expenditures					
Current:					
Books and Supplies	3,699	124			124
Services and Other					
Operating Expenditures	6,311	 9,886	11,251		(1,365)
Total Expenditures	10,010	 10,010	11,251		(1,241)
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0	(1,072)	\$	(1,072)
Fund Balances - July 1, 2016	 43,067	 43,067	 43,067		
Fund Balances - June 30, 2017	\$ 43,067	\$ 43,067	\$ 41,995		

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS * JUNE 30, 2017

Year Ended June 30	District's Proportion of the NPL	District's Proportionate Share of the NPL	State's Proportionate Share of the NPL Associated to District	Total NPL Attributed to District	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the NPL as a % of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position As a % of Total Pension Liability
2017	0.0007%	\$ 571,042	\$ 280,594	\$ 851,636	\$ 351,864	162.29%	70.04%
2016	0.0008%	521,702	338,254	859,956	359,673	145.05%	74.02%
2015	0.0008%	496,128	279,456	775,584	378,145	131.20%	76.52%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined based on a measurement date that was one year prior to the year-end date. This is a 10-year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be added to this schedule as information becomes available until 10 years are presented.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS * JUNE 30, 2017

Year Ended June 30	District's Proportion of the NPL	Pro	District's portionate Share the NPL	C	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the NPL as a % of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Positior As a % of Total Pension Liability
2017	0.0008%	\$	150,395	\$	91,356	164.62%	73.90%
2016	0.0011%		163,976		123,159	133.14%	79.43%
2015	0.0008%		90,460		83,648	108.14%	83.38%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined based on a measurement date that was one year prior to the yearend date. This is a 10-year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be added to this schedule as information becomes available until 10 years are presented.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS *

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Year Ended June 30	De	ctuarially termined atributions	In R Cor R	Contributions In Relation to Contractually Required Contributions		Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)		District's Covered Payroll	Contributions As a % of Covered Payroll
2017	\$	32,588	\$	32,588	\$	-	\$	259,046	12.58%
2016		39,154		39,154		-		364,902	10.73%
2015		29,101		29,101		-		327,714	8.88%

^{*} This is a 10-year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be added to this schedule as information becomes available until 10 years are presented.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS *

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Year Ended June 30	De	ctuarially termined atributions	Contributions In Relation to Contractually Required Contributions		Defic	Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)		District's Covered Payroll	Contributions As a % of Covered Payroll
2017	\$	14,169	\$	14,169	\$	-	\$	102,023	13.888%
2016		11,543		11,543		-		97,434	11.847%
2015		14,497		14,497		-		123,159	11.771%

^{*} This is a 10-year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be added to this schedule as information becomes available until 10 years are presented.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

A. Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, the District is required to present a Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance budgetary comparison for the General Fund and each Major Special Revenue Fund that has an adopted budget. These schedules present the original adopted budget, final adopted budget, and the actual revenues and expenditures of each of these funds by object.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations as of June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Excess Expenditure			
General Fund Debt Service: Principal Retirement	\$	1,420		
Deferred Maintenance Fund Services and Other Operating Expenditures		1,365		

The District incurred unanticipated expenditures in excess of appropriations in the above expenditure classifications for which the budgets were not revised.

B. Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, the District is required to present separately for each cost-sharing pension plan through which pensions are provided a 10-year schedule presenting certain information. The information required to be presented includes the District's proportion and proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, the portion of the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective net pension liability associated with the District, if applicable, the District's covered payroll, the District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the District's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

C. Schedule of Contributions

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, the District is required to present separately for each cost-sharing pension plan through which pensions are provided a 10-year schedule presenting certain information. The information required to be presented includes the statutorily or contracted required District contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the required District contribution, the difference between the required District contribution and the amount recognized by the pension plan, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation of the District as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - <u>SUMMARY OF CHANGES FOR CALSTRS AND CALPERS</u>

Benefit Terms

There were no changes to benefit terms since the previous valuation for either the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (CalSTRS) or the Public Employer's Retirement Fund B (CalPERS).

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions for either CalSTRS or CalPERS from the previous valuation.



ORGANIZATION/BOARD OF EDUCATION/ADMINISTRATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

ORGANIZATION

The Nicasio Elementary School District was established in 1866 and comprises an area located in Marin County. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District currently operates one elementary school.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

<u>Name</u>	<u>Office</u>	Term Expires
Jason Snell	President	November, 2018
Madeleine Sloane	Clerk	November, 2018
Michelle Rutledge	Trustee	November, 2020

ADMINISTRATION

Dr. Thomas Lohwasser Superintendent

Barbara Snekkevik Principal

Margie Bonardi Interim Chief Financial Officer

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		P-2 Re	port	
	TK / K - 3	4 - 6	7 - 8	Total
Regular ADA	16.57	13.46	11.69	41.72
		Annual I	Report	
	TK / K - 3	4 - 6	7 - 8	Total
Regular ADA	16.50	13.40	11.86	41.76

NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Grade Level	Minutes <u>Required</u>	2016-17 Actual <u>Minutes</u>	Number of Days Traditional <u>Calendar</u>	Number of Days Multitrack <u>Calendar</u>	<u>Status</u>
Kindergarten	36,000	36,000	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 1	50,400	54,600	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 2	50,400	54,600	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 3	50,400	54,600	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 4	54,000	54,600	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 5	54,000	54,600	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 6	54,000	54,600	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 7	54,000	54,600	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 8	54,000	54,600	180	N/A	In Compliance

NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The audited financial statements of all funds were in agreement with the Annual Financial and Budget Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	GENERAL FUND							
		(Budget)* 2017-18		2016-17		2015-16		2014-15
Revenues and Other Financial Sources	\$	1,034,995	\$	1,028,216	\$	987,806	\$	979,559
Expenditures		1,081,848		1,040,511		1,036,626		966,220
Other Uses and Transfers Out		0		0		0		0
Total Outgo		1,081,848		1,040,511		1,036,626		966,220
Change in Fund Balance		(46,853)		(12,295)		(48,820)		13,339
Ending Fund Balance	\$	385,989	\$	432,842	\$	445,137	\$	493,957
Available Reserves	\$	277,398	\$	321,875	\$	369,227	\$	297,775
Reserve for Economic Uncertainties **	\$	66,000	\$	66,000	\$	66,000	\$	64,000
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo		25.6%		30.9%		35.6%		30.8%
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	2,306,687	\$	2,468,000	\$	2,578,554	\$	2,615,500
Average Daily Attendance at P-2		49		42		49		50

^{*} Amounts reported for the budget are presented for analytical purposes only and have not been audited.

The fund balance of the General Fund decreased \$61,115 (12.4%) over the past two years. The fiscal year 2017-18 budget projects a decrease of \$46,853 (10.8%). For a district this size, the state recommends minimum reserves of at least \$66,000.

The District incurred operating deficits of \$12,295 and \$48,820 during fiscal years 2016-17 and 2015-16, respectively, and produced an operating surplus of \$13,339 during fiscal year 2014-15.

Average daily attendance (ADA) decreased 8 ADA over the past two years. The District projects an increase of 7 ADA during fiscal year 2017-18.

Total long-term liabilities decreased \$147,500 over the past two years due primarily to the payments on the outstanding general obligation bonds.

^{**} Reported balances are a component of available reserves.

NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

A. Schedule of Average Daily Attendance

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

B. Schedule of Instructional Time

The District participated in the Longer Day incentive funding program for the current fiscal year, but did not meet or exceed its LCFF funding target. This schedule presents information on the instructional days provided and the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with Article 8 (commencing with Section 46200) of Chapter 2 of Part 26 of the Education Code.

C. Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds as reported in the Annual Financial and Budget Report to the audited financial statements.

D. Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.



STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Board of Education Nicasio Elementary School District Nicasio, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Nicasio Elementary School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2016-17 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's state programs identified on the following page for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *2016-17 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, prescribed in the *California Code of Regulations*, Title 5, section 19810 and following. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the District's state programs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Nicasio Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Nicasio Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine Nicasio Elementary School District's compliance with state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Board of Education Nicasio Elementary School District Page Two

<u>Description</u>	Procedures <u>Performed</u>
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools: Attendance Teacher Certification and Misassignments Kindergarten Continuance Independent Study Continuation Education Instructional Time Instructional Materials Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers Classroom Teacher Salaries Early Retirement Incentive Gann Limit Calculation School Accountability Report Card Juvenile Court Schools Middle or Early College High Schools K-3 Grade Span Adjustment Transportation Maintenance of Effort Mental Health Expenditures	Yes Yes Yes Yes Not Applicable Not Applicable Yes Yes Yes Not Applicable Not Applicable Yes Yes Not Applicable Yes Not Applicable Not Applicable Yes Not Applicable Yes Not Applicable Yes
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools: Educator Effectiveness California Clean Energy Jobs Act After School Education and Safety Program Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts Local Control and Accountability Plan Independent Study-Course Based Immunizations	Yes Yes Not Applicable Yes Yes Yes Not Applicable Not Applicable
Charter Schools: Attendance Mode of Instruction Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable

Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, Nicasio Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Board of Education Nicasio Elementary School District Page Three

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the 2016-17 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, as noted in Finding 2017-003. Our opinion on state compliance on the programs previously identified is not modified with respect to this matter.

The District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying <u>Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs</u>. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the 2016-17 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Stephen Roatch Accountancy Corporation

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION Certified Public Accountants

December 11, 2017

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Nicasio Elementary School District Nicasio, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Nicasio Elementary School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies, as noted in **Finding 2017-001** and **2017-002**.

Board of Education Nicasio Elementary School District Page Two

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Responses to Findings

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying <u>Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs</u>. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Stephen Roatch Accountancy Corporation

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION Certified Public Accountants

December 11, 2017



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not considered	Yes X_No	0
to be material weaknesses?	X Yes No	one reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No	0
State Awards		
Any audit findings required to be reported in accordance with the 2016-17 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting?	X_YesNo	0
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2017 - 001 / 30000

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

CASH DISBURSEMENTS				
<u>Criteria</u> :	1.	All expenditures should be properly authorized prior to employees committing funds for the purchases of goods or services.		
	2.	All ordered goods should be delivered to the School Office.		
Conditions:	1.	Approved purchase orders were not obtained prior to employees committing District funds for the purchases of goods or services.		
	2.	Reimbursements to employees were made for goods shipped directly to employee residences.		
Questioned Costs:	1-2.	None.		
Context:	1.	The condition was noted consistently throughout the year.		
	2.	The condition was noted in 2 of 7 reimbursements tested.		
Effects:	1.	Employees may commit the District to pay for goods or services when funds are not available in the budget.		
	2.	The District may be held liable for payment of goods shipped to employees' residences that are subsequently lost or stolen.		
<u>Causes</u> :	1.	The District experienced turnover in the business office during the year that made it difficult to actively enforce procedures that require employees to obtain approved purchase orders prior to committing District funds for the purchases of goods or services.		
	2.	The District has not established procedures requiring all goods to be delivered to the School Office.		
Recommendations:	1.	The District should enforce procedures that require employees to obtain approved purchase orders prior to committing District funds for the purchases of goods or services.		
	2.	The District should establish procedures that require all ordered goods to be delivered to the District Office.		
<u>District Responses</u> :	1.	The Principal has notified all staff that prior to placing an order, including any online order that will be reimbursed, staff must obtain a purchase order approved by the Principal.		

designated delivery site for all orders.

2.

The Principal has notified all staff that the District Office is the

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (CONCLUDED)

2017 - 002 / 30000

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

CLEARING ACCOUNTS RECONCILIATION

<u>Criteria</u>: An appropriate system of internal control over financial reporting

requires that clearing accounts used to facilitate the payment of items such as health and welfare benefits, taxes, and insurance, should be reconciled on a periodic basis, to ensure that all related

liability and expenditure balances are properly reported.

<u>Condition</u>: The health and welfare clearing accounts were not reconciled on a

routine basis and were not reconciled as of June 30, 2017.

Questioned Costs: None.

<u>Context</u>: The balances in the health and welfare clearing accounts do not

appear to be materially misstated as of June 30, 2017.

Effect: The District did not have appropriate procedures in place to ensure

that health and welfare clearing accounts are functioning as intended, and to confirm that the related liabilities and expenditure

balances were properly reported.

Cause: The District experienced turnover in the business office during the

year that made it difficult to establish appropriate procedures.

Recommendation: The District should establish appropriate procedures to ensure that

clearing accounts, used to facilitate the payment of health and welfare benefits, are reconciled on a monthly basis and that the reconciliations are retained for audit purposes. Errors detected during the reconciliation process, should be investigated and resolved in a timely manner to ensure that the related liability and

expenditure balances are properly reported.

District Response: The health and welfare clearing accounts for 2016-17 have been

reconciled by the Interim CFO in the 2017-18 fiscal year. In the future, the District will establish procedures that require the business office to reconcile the health and welfare clearing accounts on a monthly basis using a spreadsheet developed by the

Interim CFO.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SECTION III - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

2017 - 003 / 70000

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

<u>Criteria</u>: In accordance with the requirements of Education Code Section

60119(a)(1)(C), the governing board of a school district shall also make a written determination as to whether each pupil enrolled in a foreign language or health course has sufficient textbooks or instructional materials that are consistent with the content and cycles of the curriculum frameworks adopted by the state board for

those subjects.

Condition: The Governing Board did not make a written determination as to

whether each student enrolled in a foreign language course had sufficient textbooks or instructional materials that were consistent with the content and cycles of the curriculum frameworks adopted

by the state board.

Questioned Costs: None. This noncompliance has no fiscal impact.

Context: The District did provide sufficient textbooks and/or instructional

materials to pupils enrolled in foreign language courses offered

during the year.

Effect: The District did not comply with the requirements of Education

Code Section 60119(a)(1)(C).

<u>Cause</u>: The District was not aware of the requirements of Education Code

Section 60119(a)(1)(C).

Recommendation: The District should establish procedures to ensure that they

comply with the requirements of Education Code Section

60119(a)(1)(C) when foreign language courses are offered.

District Response: The District will review the language used in the annual instructional

materials resolution to ensure the resolution includes the required

determination regarding instructional materials for foreign language

courses offered by the District in the future.

NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

There were no matters reported in the prior year audit.